

University of Isfahan English Proficiency Test (UIEPT) آزمون بسنندگی زبسان انگلیسسی دانشگاه اصفهان



تا ئسمارە	از ثسماره	تعداد سؤال	مواد امتحانی
15	1	15	شنیداری
35	16	20	گوامر
45	36	10	واژگان
70	46	25	درک مطلب
	ب <i>خ</i> ش E	یک موضوع از دو موضوع داده شده	نوشتاری

ﻧﺎﻡ ﻭ ﻧﺎﻡ ﺧﺎﻧﻮﺍﺩﮔﻦ

رشته/گرایش تحصیلی:

شماره دانشجویی:

105.دوره آزمون:



👟 تعداد صفحات سوال: 11 صفحه



[﴿ ﴿ وَمَانَ بِاسْخُكُوبِي: 110 دقيقه (20 دقيقه نوشتاري و 90



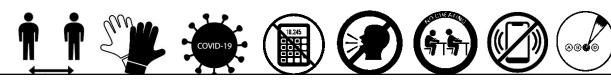
دقيقه بقيه بخش ها) تاریخ برگزاری: 1403/07/12





محل برگزاری: اصفهان، میدان آزادی، دانشگاه اصفهان، سه راه زبان، ساختمان شهيد بهشتي





- 1) کلیه پاسخها باید در پاسخنامه علامت زده شود. پاسخ سؤالات باید با مداد مشکی نرم و پررنگ در بیضی مربوط علامت گذاری شود.
 - 2) لطفا در دفترچه سؤالات و ذیل پاسخنامه، کلیه مشخصات خواسته شده را درج و امضا نمایید.
- 3) فرایند برگزاری آزمون به شرح زیر است: در ابتدا بخش نوشتاری به مدت 20 دقیقه انجام خواهد شد. سپس بخش شنیداری و پس از آن بخش های دیگر. مدت زمان بخش شنیداری و دیگر بخش ها، 90 دقیقه می باشد. مدت زمان کل آزمون از زمان شروع بخش نوشتاری 110 دقیقه می باشد.
 - 4) این آزمون نمره منفی ندارد.
 - 5) این آزمون شامل 70 سؤال چهارگزینهای به علاوه بخش نوشتاری میباشد. همه سؤالات بخشهای شنیداری، گرامر، واژگان و درک مطلب نمره مساوی دارند. هر سؤال 1.29 نمره از 90 دارد. بخش نوشتاری 10 نمره از 100 نمره دارد.
 - 6) نمره كلى آزمون از 100 محاسبه مى شود: 100 = 10 + 90 = 1.29 × 70
 - 7) در بخش نوشتاری آزمون باید یکی از دو موضوع داده شده را انتخاب کرده و حدود 150 کلمه در مدت زمان 20 دقیقه درباره آن بنویسید.
- 8) دفترچه سؤالات، بدون احتساب صفحه حاضر، 11 صفحه دارد. یک برگ پاسخنامه برای سوالات چهارگزینه ای و یک برگ پاسخنامه بخش نوشتاری نیز داده خواهد شد. پاسخنامه اضافی نوشتاری تحویل نخواهد شد ولی در صورت نیاز می توانید از صفحه پشت پاسخنامه نوشتاری استفاده کنید.
 - 9) نمرات به صورت کارنامه، حداکثر تا72 ساعت بعد در سایت مرکز زبان آموزی به نشانی ulc.ui.ac.ir اعلام خواهد شد.
- 10) هرگونه نظر در خصوص آزمون و یا تذکر اشکال احتمالی را می توانید به ایمیل مرکز زبان آموزی دانشگاه اصفهان به نشانی ulc.ui.ac.ir@gmail.com ارسال فرمایید.
 - 11) به عنوان نمونه سؤال، پس از تحویل پاسخنامه، و صرفاً پس از اتمام آزمون٬ میتوانید دفترچه سؤالات را به همراه خود ببرید.
 - 12) کلید اولیه سؤالات پس از آزمون در کانال ایتای مرکز زبان آموزی قرار می گیرد. اگر در هنگام آزمون، پاسخ هر سوال را علاوه بر درج در پاسخنامه، در کنار هر سؤال هم بگذارید، پس از آزمون هم می توانید نمره خود را محاسبه نمایید و هم اشکالات خود را ملاحظه نمایید. این امر جنبه یادگیری هم دارد.
- 13) قبل و بعد از آزمون، همه تلاش برای به حداکثر رساندن میزان روایی و پایایی آزمون انجام می شود. پس از آزمون نیز، تک تک سوالات مورد بررسی قرار می گیرد و اگر سوالی دارای استاندارهای آزمون سازی نباشد حذف می شود و نمره آن به دیگر سوالات اضافه می شود.
- 14) 60 دوره دفترچه سؤالات، فایل صوتی و کلید آزمونهای گذشته به صورت رایگان در سایت مرکز زبان آموزی وجود دارد. برای ایجاد انگیزه جهت مطالعه این آرشیو ارزنده، در هر دوره آزمون، تعداد 10 سؤال از سؤالات دورههای گذشته انتخاب خواهد شد. برای دسترسی به این آرشیو، به سایت مرکز مراجعه نمایید یا از طریق لینک مستقیم b2n.ir/uiept_archieve دانلود نمایید.
 - 15) جهت اطمینان از عدم به همراه داشتن هر گونه وسیله الکترونیک، با استفاده از ابزار تشخیص وسایل الکترونیک، در هنگام ورود به جلسه و نیز در هنگام برگزاری آزمون، بررسیهای لازم انجام میشود.

برای شما داوطلبین گرامی، آرزوی موفقیت داریم.

Part A: Listening



Listen and mark your answers to questions 1-15 in the answer sheet. The audio will be played only once.

به فایل صوتی با دقت گوش دهید و پاسخ سؤالات 1 تا 15 را در پاسخنامه علامت بزنید. فایل ب حین دری. صوتی *تنها یک بار* پخش خواهد شد.



Section A: Questions 1-11 Short Conversations

1)	W	'hat	does	the	man	mean?	• • • •
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- A) Car repairs should be done at a garage.
- C) The garage took advantage of the woman.
- B) The price was not too high.
- D) The car had serious problems.

2) What will the woman probably do?

A) Have a party.

- C) Go to work.
- B) Attend the International Students' Association.
- D) Get some rest.

3) What will the speakers probably do?

A) Leave immediately.

C) Start to play.

B) Watch the game on TV.

D) Eat a sandwich.

4) What did the man do after he lost his passport?

- A) He went to see the foreign student advisor.
- C) He wrote to the Passport Office.

B) He went to Washington.

D) He reported it to the Passport Office.

5) What does the woman mean?

- A) It is the policy of the bank.
- C) Her account at the bank is in order.
- B) The man was not helpful at all.
- D) The check should be cashed.

6) What does the woman suggest the man do?

- A) Ask Dr. Tyler to clarify the assignment
- B) Show a preliminary version to Dr. Tyler.
- C) Let her see the first draft before Dr. Tyler sees it.
- D) Talk to some of the other students in Dr. Tyler's class.

7) What does the woman mean?

- A) Dr. Clark is a good teacher.
- C) Two semesters of statistics are required.
- B) Statistics is a boring class.
- D) The students do not like Dr. Clark.

8) What does the woman say about the shirts?

A) He cannot do them.

- C) They are finished.
- B) It will be a difficult job.
- D) They will be ready Saturday afternoon.

9) What kind of place are the speakers probably talking about?

- A) A concert
- B) An art museum
- C) A flower shop
- D) A restaurant

10) What do we know about Fred?

- A) He is at lunch
- B) He is at the office
- C) He is in class
- D) He is at home

11) What will the man probably do?

A) Take the ten o'clock bus.

- C) Go to New York another day.
- B) Come back in five minutes.
- D) Call the airport.

Lecture **Section B: Questions 12-15** 12) What is the instructor defining? A) The term "essay" B) Prose writing C) Personal viewpoint D) Brainstorming 13) What is the main point of the talk? A) The work of Alexander Pope. B) The difference between prose and poetry. C) The general characteristics of essays. D) The reason that the phrase "personal essay" is redundant. 14) According to the talk, what if the characteristics are NOT true of an essay? A) It is usually short. C) It expresses a personal point of view. B) It can be either prose or poetry. D) It discusses one topic. 15) What will the students probably do as an assignment? A) They will prepare for a quiz. C) They will read works by Pope. B) They will write their first essay. D) They will review their notes. Part B: Grammar Section 1. Read each test item carefully and answer the questions by choosing the answer (a), (b), (c) or (d). Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet. تشخيص گزينه صحيح 16) He is worried about ... the entrance exam. A) to take B) taking C) take D) took 17) This plant is ... big that it should really be moved outside. A) so B) such C) too D) very 18) I saw the coach on the field after the game; he seemed A) real angry B) very angrily D) angrily C) angry 19) A vacuum will never conduct heat nor A) transmit sound waves C) transmitting sound waves D) the transmission of sound waves B) sound waves are transmitted 20) Napoleon III eventually landed in England A) not only as a dethroned exile C) but only as a dethroned exile B) but a dethroned exile D) but being only a dethroned exile 21) Within the first ten minutes, the chairperson knew the meeting A) would nothing come to C) would come nothing B) would come to nothing D) nothing would come to 22) In the preparation of fibrous material for production uses, stiff woody fibers from plants ... fibers from animal sources. A) the most heat the C) need more heat than B) than more heat needed D) need the more heat than drinking

, ·	B) reduced	C) be reduced	D) will reduce	
24) You can't put two	litres into a litre b	ottle because the bott	le	
	B) is too big	C) is big enough	D) isn't big enough	
25) Before she came h	iere, she in Fran	ice.		
A) must have been stud	dying	C) been stud		
B) may study D) will have to study			to study	
Section 2. Choose the underlined words or phrases that need to be corrected. Mark the answers on your answer sheet.				
	غلط	تشخيص گزينه		
	_	ake your <u>driving test</u> .	You'll <u>have to wait</u> until	
A you're 18.	В	C	D	
27) He heard strangely	v noises in the street	last night, so he looked	d out of the window to see	
A		B	C	
what was going	; on.			
28) The school my par	ents had selected fo		ne of the more fashionable	
and expensive	in the country.	В	C	
_	D			
29) A good artist, <u>like</u> A	a good engineer, lea	rn <u>as much</u> from <u>their</u> B C	mistakes <u>as from</u> his D	
success.		_		
30) I <u>really</u> enjoyed the novel you <u>lent</u> me, but the <u>ending</u> was very <u>predicted</u> . A B C D				
31) Ever since the re-o	organization was pla	nned, there have been	too many promises made	
A and too few pr	oblom colved	В	С	
and too few bi	D solved.			
32) The eighth month	of <u>the year</u> is <u>augu</u> B C	ust, <u>named</u> after the Ro	oman emperor Augustus.	
33) Raul said that he <u>m</u>	nust to go home to h	nelp his mother, to fini	sh school work, and to pay	
his bills.	A E	3 C	D	
34) Penny <u>has</u> <u>always</u> A B	enjoyed <u>looking th</u> C	e flowers and walking D	through the park.	
35) <u>Is Brazil largest</u> country <u>in</u> South America <u>in area</u> and <u>in population</u> ?				
A	$\frac{\overline{\mathbf{B}}}{\mathbf{B}}$	C	D	

Part C: Vocabulary

Read each test item carefully and answer the questions by choosing the answer (a), (b), (c) or (d). Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

Vocabulary Part 1: Gap-Filling

36) In the opening	of the book, we are	introduced to the two r	nain characters.	
A) device	B) origin	C) section	D) tip	
37) When a langua	ge dies, the culture and	l knowledge with it.		
A) avoid	B) compile	C) endanger	D) disappear	
38) My brother boo	ight a model of the Eif	fel Tower as a of his	trip to Paris.	
A) destination	B) magnet	C) souvenir	D) success	
39) Her father was	a warm and generous	man who was always	. to help other people	
A) holy	B) invisible	C) sociable	D) willing	
40) Art became my practiced.	thing throughout high	school, and I got be	tter the more I	
A) gradually	B) immediately	C) correctly	D) accidentally	
	Vocabulary Par	rt 2: Synonym		
41) The UN's respo A) danger	onsibility is to prohibit B) routine	any threat to internation	onal security. D) waste	
42) Some famous a	rtists have their lives in	n <u>tranquil</u> farming com	munities.	
A) isolated	B) lovely	C) serene	D) snobbish	
	ends that the position of influences your future.	of constellations at the n	noment of your birth	
A) maintains	B) misjudges	C) strives	D) struggles	
44) Casey Stengel v baseball.	vas <u>undeniably</u> one of	the most successful coac	ches in the history of	
A) absolutely	B) conceivably	C) likely	D) unexpectedly	
45) Of all the candi voters.	dates, Jack is <u>the least</u>	likely to win because h	e does not know many	
A) one who will pro B) one who would li	<u> </u>		C) one who will probably winD) one who would not like to win	

Part D: Reading Comprehension

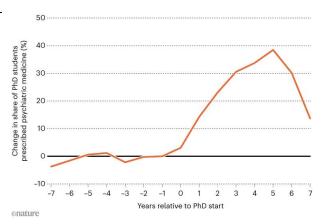
Read the texts carefully and choose the best answer to the questions that follow.

Reading 1



A study of Swedish PhD candidates has shown the supplied by a vast toll that doctoral studies

can take on mental health. The survey adds robust data to discussions about the mental-health crisis in academia. Studies and anecdotal evidence have



long shown that PhD students can experience immense pressure to publish and to find funding and jobs in a brutally competitive landscape.

The analysis looked at the rates at which all Swedish PhD students were prescribed psychiatric drugs and were hospitalized for mental-health problems. It found that, on average, the longer they were doing doctoral studies the more they needed to access such services. By the fifth year of studies, the likelihood that PhD candidates needed mental-health medications had increased by 40%, compared with the year before study. The study indicates that psychological health issues are "systemic and have been plaguing academia for many decades", says Wendy Ingram, founder of Dragonfly Mental Health, a global non-profit advocacy group in Bradenton, Florida. "Very few studies have looked at objective measures of mental health," says Ingram. Using Swedish administrative records from 2006-17, the authors tracked more than 20,000 PhD students before and after they started their programmes. This allowed the team to assess the direct effect of doctoral studies on students' mental health, says Eva Ranehill, a behavioural economist at University of Gothenburg, Sweden, and study coauthor. The preprint, which is not yet peer-reviewed, was posted on the server SSRN.

The researchers compared the rate at which PhD students, people with master's degrees and a sample of the general population accessed mental-health services. Before starting a PhD, students and people with master's degrees used these services at similar rates. But use of psychiatric medicines, such as antidepressants and sedatives, increased among PhD students year-on-year during their studies. This peaked in the fourth and fifth years — the average length of a PhD programme in most countries — then fell in the sixth and seventh years.

Those at highest risk of being prescribed psychiatric medication during PhD studies were women and people who'd taken such medicines before starting their programme. The authors found a similar pattern when they compared PhD students with a sample of the general population aged 18–70. Before beginning their programmes, PhD candidates used mental-health services less frequently than the general population, but by the end of their studies, the rates were the same. The study raises the question of whether academic environments are more intense than other sectors.

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√ متن فوق از جدیدترین مقالات منتشر شده در مجله نیچر (Nature) است.

√ مجله نیچر از سال ۱۸۶۹ میلادی تاکنون منتشر می شود و در میان پرارزش ترین مجله های علمی قرار دارد. این نشریه ارجاع داده شده ترین مجله علمی جهان است.

مجله علمی جهان است.

√ این مقاله در تاریخ 19 سپتامبر ۲۰۲۴ منتشر شده است. آزمون حاضر در تاریخ 3 اکتبر ۲۰۲۴ بر گزار می شود.

√ لینک دسترسی به مقاله: 4-1586-024-03136-4
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46) What is the primary subject of the research discussed in the text?

- A) The academic success of PhD candidates C) The financial burden of pursuing a PhD
- B) The impact of doctoral studies on mental health D) The job market for PhD graduates

47) What has been noted about the pressures faced by PhD students?

- A) They face minimal competition for funding
- B) They are under pressure to maintain a work-life balance
- C) They experience significant stress related to publishing and job searches
- D) They have ample support from their institutions

48) What trend was observed regarding psychiatric medication prescriptions among PhD students?

- A) There was a steady decline in prescriptions over time
- B) The need for medication increased with the duration of their studies
- C) Prescriptions were higher in the first year compared to later years
- D) There was no significant change in medication use

49) By what percentage did the likelihood of needing mental health medication increase by the fifth year of study?

A) 20%

B) 30%

C) 40%

D) 50%

50) What was the comparison made in the study regarding mental health service usage? Between PhD students and

A) undergraduate students

C) faculty members

B) international students

D) those with master's degrees

51) What was the average duration of a PhD program mentioned in the text?

- A) Three years
- B) Four years
- C) Five years
- D) Six years

52) How did the use of mental health services change for PhD candidates over time?

A) It increased progressively

C) It remained the same

B) It decreased significantly

D) It fluctuated without a clear trend

53) What conclusion can be drawn about the mental health of PhD students based on the study?

- A) They experience a significant increase in mental health problems during their studies
- B) They are less affected by mental health issues than the general population
- C) Their mental health improves over time
- D) They have better access to mental health resources than others

Reading 2



FIFA has confirmed the opening of an investigation amid allegations of match



manipulation in the controversial Futsal match between France and Iran, part of Group F of the Futsal World Cup

currently being held in Uzbekistan. The International Football Association has stated it is "aware of complaints filed by several federations." The match, which ended in a 4-1 victory for Iran, has sparked a wave of criticism and suspicion among the participating teams, including Libya, Paraguay, and Thailand, all of whom have requested a formal investigation.

Reports suggest that the conduct of the match was characterized by passive attitudes and an apparent lack of competitiveness from both teams, particularly in the first half, raising suspicions of a potential agreement between the nations. The most contentious moment of the match came when Iran's Salar Aghapour scored the first goal under circumstances that many have deemed unusual. Thibaut

Garros, France goalkeeper, appeared to show no resistance to what seemed to be an easy shot to save, further fueling suspicions of possible collusion. The goalkeeper's performance has been labeled as "a disgraceful spectacle" on social media, with netizens and experts suggesting that the French team were not approaching the match with the seriousness required in a world competition.

The final result placed Iran at the top of the group, allowing them to avoid a premature clash against Brazil, the tournament's top favorites. Instead, Iran will face Morocco in the round of 16, while France will play against Thailand, a matchup that seems more favorable.

This controversy has emerged at a crucial moment in the tournament, just as teams prepare for the knockout stage. The confirmation of the investigation has sent shockwaves through the three venues hosting the World Cup in Uzbekistan, where decisive matches will take place this week. The

teams that have already qualified are under scrutiny as FIFA attempts to preserve the integrity of the competition.

√ متن فوق از جدیدترین مقالات منتشر شده در نشریه تهران تایمز (TEHRAN TIMES) است. √ تهران تایمز یک نشریه انگلیسیزبان چاپ ایران است که از اردیبهشت ۱۳۵۸ با نام تهران جورنال رسماً انتشار خود را آغاز کرد. √ این مقاله در تاریخ 25 سپتامبر ۲۰۲۴ منتشر شده است. آزمون حاضر در تاریخ 3 اکتبر ۲۰۲۴ برگزار می شود.

https://www.tehrantimes.com/news/504136/FIFA-to-investigate-Futsal-World-Cup-match- لینک دسترسی به مقاله: √ between-France-and

54) What is the main issue being investigated by FIFA?

- A) Allegations of player misconduct
- C) Disputes over referee decisions
- B) Claims of match-fixing in a Futsal game
- D) Complaints about tournament organization

55) Which match is at the center of the investigation?

- A) France vs. Brazil
- B) Iran vs. Libya
- C) France vs. Iran
- D) Thailand vs. Paraguay

56) Which teams have expressed concerns regarding the match?

A) Brazil, Paraguay, and Libya

C) Iran, France, and Brazil

B) Libya, Paraguay, and Thailand

D) Thailand, Brazil, and Libya

57) How did the French goalkeeper's performance during the match come under criticism?

A) He saved too few shots

- C) He was overly aggressive
- B) He appeared to make no effort on an easy shot
- D) He received a yellow card

58) How did the result of the match affect the standings in Group F?

- A) It allowed Iran to avoid a match against Brazil
- B) It eliminated France from the tournament
- C) It secured France a spot in the knockout stage
- D) It caused a three-way tie in the group

59) What has been the general atmosphere in the venues hosting the World Cup due to the investigation?

A) Shock and concern

C) Indifference and apathy

B) Excitement and anticipation

D) Celebration and joy

60) How has FIFA responded to the allegations made by various federations?

- A) By dismissing the complaints outright
- C) By issuing fines to the teams involved
- B) By changing the tournament rules
- D) By launching a formal investigation

61) Which country was deemed the top favorite in the tournament?

A) Iran

- B) France
- C) Morocco
- D) Brazil





John Nash was an American mathematician who was awarded the 1994 Nobel Prize for Economics for his

landmark work, first begun in the 1950s, on the mathematics of game theory. He shared the prize with John C. Harsanyi and Reinhard Selten. In 2015, Nash won (with Louis Nirenberg) the Abel Prize for his contributions to the study of partial differential



equations. Nash enrolled in chemical engineering at the Carnegie Institute of Technology in Pittsburgh before he switched to chemistry and then to mathematics, in which he finally received both bachelor's and master's degrees in 1948. Two years later, at age 22, he completed a doctorate at Princeton University. In 1951 he joined the faculty of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT), where he pursued research into partial differential equations. He resigned in the late 1950s after bouts of mental illness. He then began an informal association with Princeton, where he became a senior research mathematician in 1995.

While he was still in graduate school, Nash published (April 1950) his first paper, "The Bargaining Problem," in the journal *Econometrica*. He expanded on his mathematical model for bargaining in his influential doctoral thesis, "Non-Cooperative Games," which appeared in September 1951 in the journal *Annals of Mathematics*. Nash thus established the mathematical principles of game theory, a branch of mathematics that examines the rivalries between competitors with

mixed interests. Nash showed that for any finite game, all the players can arrive at an optimal outcome, known as the Nash equilibrium or the Nash solution, when considering the possible actions of the other players. Despite its practical limitations, the Nash equilibrium was widely applied by business strategists. Nash's research into differential equations at MIT led to his seminal paper "Real Algebraic Manifolds," which was published in *Annals of Mathematics* in November 1952. His other influential work in mathematics included the Nash-Moser inverse function theorem, the Nash-De Giorgi theorem (a solution to David Hilbert's 19th problem, which Nash undertook at the suggestion of Nirenberg), and the Nash embedding (or imbedding) theorems, which the Norwegian Academy of Science and Letters described as "among the most original results in geometric analysis of the twentieth century"; the academy awarded Nash the Abel Prize.

Nash's research into game theory and his long struggle with paranoid schizophrenia became well known to the general public because of the Academy Award-winning motion picture *A Beautiful Mind* (2001), which was based on Sylvia Nasar's 1998 biography of the same name. A more factually accurate exploration of Nash's struggle with mental illness was offered by the public television documentary *A Brilliant Madness* (2002).

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√ متن فوق از جدیدترین مقالات منتشر شده در دانشنامه بریتانیکا (Encyclopedia Britannica) است.
√ بریتانیکا قدیمی ترین دانشنامه جهان به زبان انگلیسی است که همچنان تهیه می شود. این دانشنامه یکی از معتبر ترین منابع به زبان انگلیسی به شمار می رود.
√ این مقاله در تاریخ 18 سپتامبر 2024 منتشر شده است. آزمون حاضر در تاریخ 3 اکتبر ۲۰۲۴ برگزار می شود.
√ لینک دسترسی به مقاله: https://www.britannica.com/science/game-theory/Two-person-constant-sum-games
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62) Which mathematical concept did Nash significantly contribute to during the 1950s?

- A) Statistical analysis
- B) Game theory
- C) Algebraic topology
- D) Calculus

63) What was the title of Nash's first published paper?

A) "Non-Cooperative Games"

C) "Real Algebraic Manifolds"

B) "The Bargaining Problem"

D) "Game Theory Fundamentals"

64) What notable mental health challenge did Nash face during his career?

A) Bipolar disorder

C) Paranoid schizophrenia

B) Major depression

D) Anxiety disorder

65) Which film brought public attention to Nash's life and struggles?

A) Good Will Hunting

C) The Theory of Everything

B) The Imitation Game

D) A Beautiful Mind

66) What did the Norwegian Academy of Science and Letters recognize in Nash's work?

- A) His contributions to economics
- C) His research in game theory
- B) His results in geometric analysis
- D) His studies in chemical engineering

67) What was one of the practical applications of Nash's equilibrium concept?

A) Business strategy

C) Political science

B) Environmental science

D) Social psychology

68) In which year did Nash win the Abel Prize?

A) 1994

B) 2000

C) 2015

D) 2010

69) How did Nash's mental health issues affect his career at MIT?

- A) He became a full-time researcher
- C) He received additional funding
- B) He resigned from his position
- D) He published more papers

70) What type of mathematical problems did Nash address in "Real Algebraic Manifolds"?

A) Algebraic equations

C) Game theoretical models

B) Differential equations

D) Statistical distributions



Part E: Writing

Choose <u>one</u> of the following topics and write an essay about it. Write for at least 150 words in no more than 20 minutes.

- **A)** The working week should be shorter and workers should have a longer weekend. To what extent do you agree with this view? Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own experience or knowledge.
- **B**) <u>Too much emphasis is given for the education of students. More government money should be spent on free time activities for young people.</u> To what extent do you agree or disagree? Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own experience or knowledge.



THIS IS THE END OF THE TEST.

جهت مشاهده نتیجه آزمون تصویر زیر را با دوربین گوشی خود اسکن نمایید. نتیجه آزمون حداکثر تا <u>72 ساعت</u> پس برگزاری اعلام میشود.







دورهها و آزمونهای بسندگی دانشجویان دکتری

مرکز زبان آموزی دانشگاه اصفهان

پاییز 1403







